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ISLAMIC HISTORY HSSC-II

(OPTION-I) (UMAYYADS AND ABBASSIDS) SECTION – A (Marks 20)

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| NOTE: | Section-A is compulsory. All parts of this section are to be answered on the question paper itself. |
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| | It should be completed in the first 25 minutes and handed over to the Centre Superintendent. |
| | Deleting/overwriting is not allowed. Do not use lead pencil. |

| C. Hazrat Ame Who was conquero A. Yazid bin M C. Tariq bin Zi Governor was calle A. Sahib-ul-Kh Who stopped the cu and his descendant | luhallab yad d daraj B. W ustom of hurling s? Abdul Malik luawiya | a during the r during Umay /ali | B. D. yad perion B. s and ab | Qutayba bin M Musa bin Nusa od. Sahib-ul-Hada | akam dul Mali luslim ayr th D. | k? Amil |
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| Who was conquero A. Yazid bin M C. Tariq bin Zi Governor was calle A. Sahib-ul-Kh Who stopped the cu and his descendant A. Hisham bin C. Yazid bin M Who was entitled "A A. Yazid III | r of central Asia Juhallab yad d naraj B. W ustom of hurling s? Abdul Malik Juawiya | a during the r during Umay /ali | egime of B. D. yad peri B. s and at | Waleed bin Ab Qutayba bin M Musa bin Nusa od. Sahib-ul-Hada | dul Mali Iuslim ayr th D. | |
| A. Yazid bin M C. Tariq bin Zi Governor was calle A. Sahib-ul-Kh Who stopped the cu and his descendant A. Hisham bin C. Yazid bin M Who was entitled "A A. Yazid III | luhallab yad d daraj B. W ustom of hurling s? Abdul Malik luawiya | during Umay /ali | B. D. yad perion B. s and ab | Qutayba bin M Musa bin Nusa od. Sahib-ul-Hada | luslim ayr th D. | |
| C. Tariq bin Zi Governor was calle A. Sahib-ul-Kr Who stopped the cu and his descendant A. Hisham bin C. Yazid bin M Who was entitled "A A. Yazid III | yad d naraj B. W ustom of hurling s? Abdul Malik luawiya | /ali | D. yad peri B. s and ab | Musa bin Nusa od. Sahib-ul-Hada | ayr th D. | Amil |
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| and his descendant A. Hisham bin C. Yazid bin M Who was entitled "A A. Yazid III | s? Abdul Malik Iuawiya | | | , , | LS at Ha | ızrat Ali (RA) |
| C. Yazid bin M Who was entitled "A A. Yazid III | luawiya | | | | | |
| Who was entitled "A A. Yazid III | | | B. | Umar bin Abdu | JI Aziz (| RA) |
| A. Yazid III | \I-Nagis" in Um | | D. | Merwan bin Ha | akam | |
| | | ayyads' Calip | hs? | | | |
| C Malid II | | | B. | Al-Muqtadir Bi | | |
| | | | D. | Al-Qahir Billah | | |
| What kind of official | duties were pe | erformed by " | Diwan-a | | | |
| A. Postal | | | B. | Revenue and | Finance | ; |
| C. Army | | | D. | Police | | |
| | | | | | _ | — 1 · · |
| A. Poet | | | C. | Army chief | D. | Physician |
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| | | . Dagnada | В. | Abn-e-Algami | | |
| | | | D. | Abu-ul-Fida | | |
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| | Who was Jarir Yam A. Poet In which year "The A. 711 AD Who constructed th A. Amr bin al-/ C. Hazrat Ame Who established a A. Al-Mahdi What is the meanin A. Lover Which doctrine was A. Mutazilities During whose reign A. Al-Muatami C. Haroon-ur- Who was AFSHIN H A. Turk Gener C. Greek pain During whose era ", A. Al-Mutawak C. Al-Wathiq E Who is called the fa A. Ibn-e-sina C. Abu Nasr-a Who liberated Jerus A. Amad-ud-d C. Alp Arsalan For how much peric A. Six years a C. Eight years Al-Mutawakkil Ala'll A. Tarkish Col C. Mongol Who invited Halaku A. Ibn-e-Khalo | Who was Jarir Yamani in the court A. Poet B. M In which year "The Battle of Zab" of A. 711 AD B. 75 Who constructed the green colour A. Amr bin al-Aas C. Hazrat Ameer Muawiya (Filter Who established a bureau of trans A. Al-Mahdi B. A What is the meaning of "SAFAH"? A. Lover B. Filter Which doctrine was officially favout A. Mutazilities B. Z During whose reign Imam Abu Yo A. Al-Muatamid Ala'llah C. 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Zindiqas During whose reign Imam Abu Yousuf wrote his A. Al-Muatamid Ala'llah C. Haroon-ur-Rashid Who was AFSHIN HAIDAR during the age of Al A. Turk General C. Greek painter During whose era "Al-Maqana" revolted and cla A. Al-Mutawakkil Ala'llah C. Al-Wathiq Billah Who is called the father of modern chemistry in A. Ibn-e-sina C. Abu Nasr-al-Farabi Who liberated Jerusalem (Bait-ul-Muqaddas)? A. Amad-ud-din Zangi C. Alp Arsalan For how much period did Al-Muatasim Billah rul A. Six years and Nine months C. Eight years and Eight months Al-Mutawakkil Ala'llah was assassinated by: A. Tarkish Commanders C. Mongol Who invited Halaku Khan to attack Baghdad? A. Ibn-e-Khaldun C. Naseer uddin Tusee | Who was Jarir Yamani in the court of Hajjaj bin Yousuf? A. Poet B. Musician C. In which year "The Battle of Zab" was fought? A. 711 AD B. 732 AD C. Who constructed the green coloured "Khizra Mahai"? A. Amr bin al-Aas B. C. Hazrat Ameer Muawiya (RA) D. Who established a bureau of translation (Dar-ul-turjama A. Al-Mahdi B. Al-Mamun C. What is the meaning of "SAFAH"? A. Lover B. Forgiver C. Which doctrine was officially favoured by Mamun-ur-Rat. A. Mutazilities B. Zindiqas C. During whose reign Imam Abu Yousuf wrote his famous A. Al-Muatamid Ala'llah B. C. Haroon-ur-Rashid D. Who was AFSHIN HAIDAR during the age of Al-Muatas A. Turk General B. C. Greek painter D. During whose era "Al-Maqana" revolted and claimed as A. Al-Mutawakkil Ala'llah B. C. Al-Wathiq Billah D. Who is called the father of modern chemistry in Muslim A. Ibn-e-sina B. C. Abu Nasr-al-Farabi D. Who liberated Jerusalem (Bait-ul-Muqaddas)? A. Amad-ud-din Zangi B. C. Alp Arsalan D. For how much period did Al-Muatasim Billah rule abbas: A. Six years and Nine months B. C. Eight years and Eight months D. Al-Mutawakkil Ala'llah was assassinated by: A. Tarkish Commanders B. C. Mongol D. Who invited Halaku Khan to attack Baghdad? A. Ibn-e-Khaldun B. C. Naseer uddin Tusee D. | Who was Jarir Yamani in the court of Hajjaj bin Yousuf? A. Poet B. Musician C. Army chief In which year "The Battle of Zab" was fought? A. 711 AD B. 732 AD C. 750 AD Who constructed the green coloured "Khizra Mahal"? A. Amr bin al-Aas B. Suleman bin A C. Hazrat Ameer Muawiya (RA) D. Ziyad bin Abu Who established a bureau of translation (Dar-ul-turjama)? A. Al-Mahdi B. Al-Mamun C. Abdul Malik What is the meaning of "SAFAH"? A. Lover B. Forgiver C. Revenger Which doctrine was officially favoured by Mamun-ur-Rashid? A. Mutazilities B. Zindiqas C. Qaramita During whose reign Imam Abu Yousuf wrote his famous book "KITAB-LA. Al-Muatamid Ala'llah B. Amin-ur-Rashid C. Haroon-ur-Rashid D. Abu Musa-al-l Who was AFSHIN HAIDAR during the age of Al-Muatasim? A. Turk General B. Persian Music C. Greek painter D. Arabian poet During whose era "Al-Maqana" revolted and claimed as incarnated God A. Al-Mutawakkil Ala'llah B. Abu Abdullah-C. Al-Wathiq Billah D. Al-Nasir-u-din Who is called the father of modern chemistry in Muslim history? A. Ibn-e-sina B. Jabir bin Hayy C. Abu Nasr-al-Farabi D. None of these Who liberated Jerusalem (Bait-ul-Muqaddas)? A. Amad-ud-din Zangi B. Waleed bin Ab C. Alp Arsalan D. Sultan Salah-For how much period did Al-Muatasim Billah rule abbasid caliphate? A. Six years and Nine months B. Eleven years and Al-Mutawakkil Ala'llah was assassinated by: A. Tarkish Commanders B. Kharjities C. Mongol D. Saljuqs Who invited Halaku Khan to attack Baghdad? A. Ibn-e-Khaldun B. Abu-ul-Fida | Who was Jarir Yamani in the court of Hajjaj bin Yousuf? A. Poet B. Musician C. Army chief D. In which year "The Battle of Zab" was fought? A. 711 AD B. 732 AD C. 750 AD D. Who constructed the green coloured "Khizra Mahair? A. Amr bin al-Aas B. Suleman bin Abdul Mi. C. Hazrat Ameer Muawiya (RA) D. Ziyad bin Abu Sufyan Who established a bureau of translation (Dar-ul-turjama)? A. Al-Mahdi B. Al-Mamun C. Abdul Malik D. 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Eight years and Eight months D. Nine years and Five in Al-Mutawakkil Ala'llah was assassinated by: A. Tarkish Commanders D. Saljuqs Who invited Halaku Khan to attack Baghdad? A. Ibn-e-Khaldun B. Abn-e-Alqami C. Naseer uddin Tusee D. Abu-ul-Fida |

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| Answer Sheet | No |
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تاریخ اسلام ایچ ایس ایس سی-۱۱ (۱ - OPTION)

(UMAYYADS AND ABBASSIDS)

حصداوّل (كل نمبر:20)

وت: 25 منه

| رفت: | 25 منث | | | حصداو | ن رس |) نمبر:20) | | | |
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| وك: | حته اوّل لازمي. | ے۔اس کے جوابات کی ہے کہ فو | ی دیے جا کیں م | اس کو پہلے کا | هي معديم | ا مل کرے ناقم مر | يحوا ليكرد بإجائ كار | ث كردوبار وكلع | ن اجازت نیس لیڈینسل کا استعال ممت |
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| (i | اسلام میں کس۔ |) نے خلافت کومورثی بادشاہت (ملو | لوكيت) مِن تبديلِ | ?ليزر | | | | | |
| (ii) | | عبدالملک بن مروان لک کےعہد میں دسط ایشیا کا فاتح کو | | يزيد بن معاور | 2 | ئ۔ | حفرت امير معاويةٌ | _, | مروان بن حکم |
| | | يزيد بن مهلب | | قتيبه بن سلم | | ئ۔ | طارق بن زياد | ر | مویٰ بن نصیر |
| (iii) (iv) | |)گورزکوکیا کہاجاتا تھا؟ الف_ عفرے علی* اور اہلِ بیت پرتبرا(ا | | | | ئ- | صاحب الحداث | _, | يال . |
| (10) | | رڪ من مبرو سبب بيڪ پر برو مشام بن عبدالملک | | | | ئ۔ | يزيد بن معاويه | ر_ | مروان بن حکم |
| (v) | | غاء مين ^{''} الناقص '' ^{حم} س كالقه | _ | • | | | • | | · |
| | الف | يزيدا لماكث | ب۔ | المتقتدر بالله | | ئ- | وليدثانى | ر_ | القاهر بابتد |
| (vi) | | میں دیوان الخراج کون ہے سرکار ک | | باتغا؟ | | | | | |
| | | ؤا <i>ک</i> مدیر | • | مالى امور | | ئ- | فوج | ٠, | پولیس |
| (vii) | • | ف کے در بار میں جربر یمنی کون تھا؟ | | | | | | | ı |
| | | شاعر | | موسيقار | | -2 | فو جی سر دار | -, | طبيب |
| (viii) (ix) | | المن سال مين ہوا؟ الف_ ' خطرامحل '' سس نے تعمیر کروایا | 711ء انتاء | -ب | ,732 | ئ- | , 750 | _, | ,679 |
| (**) | | عرو ن عمر دبن العاص | | سليمال بنع | دالملك | ئ۔ | حضرت اميرمعاويه « | ر۔ | زیا د بن ابوسفیان |
| (x) | | نكيل كس نے كى؟ الف۔ | | | | -ك | عبدالملك | ر_ | المنصور |
| (xi) | " سفاح "۔ | ك كيامعن بين؟ الف- | محبت کرنے وا | الا ب- | معاف کرنے | نے والاج۔ | انقام لينے والا | _) | درج شدہ میں ہے کو کی نہیں |
| (xii) | مامون الرشيد. | نے کن عقا ئد کی سرکا ری طور پرحمایہ | يت کی؟ | | | | | | |
| | | مغتزله | | زنديقيه | | ۍـ | قرامط | ر۔ | اساعيليه |
| (xiii) | | ے نے اپنی مشہور کتاب '' کتاب | | | ر ککسی؟ | | | | |
| (xiv) | | المعتمد على الله عبد مين '' أفشين حيدر '' كون | | امين ا <i>لرشيد</i> | | ئ. | باردن الرشيد | _,, | ابوموی الھادی |
| | الف ۔ | | | امرانی موسیقا | , | ئ- | بوناني مصور | ر | عر بی شاعر |
| (xv) | المقنع نے کس |) کے عہد میں مجسم خدا ہونے کا دعوی | · · | | | | | | · |
| | الف | التوكل على الله | ب. | ابوعبداللدالمج | | ئ- | الواثق بالله |) | الناصرالدين الله |
| (xvi) | مسلم تاریخ میر | بں جدید علم کیمیا کا باپ س کوکہاجا تا | اہے؟ | | | | | | |
| | ال ف | • | ب. | جابربن حيآك | (| -& | ا بونصر الفاراني | 3 | درج شدہ میں ہے کوئی نہیں |
| (xvii) | | ت المقدس) كم نے آز ادكر دايا؟ مع | | | | | | | |
| (Antiil) | | عمادالدین زنگی هنصم بالقدنے کتناعرصه تحمرانی کی: | ب۔ د | ولميد بن عبدال | ملک | 3۔ | الپارسلان |) | سلطان صلاح الدين الولي |
| (xviii) | | م ہالندھے منا مرصہ سمران کا: جیوسال نو ماہ |): ب۔ | ممياروسال | مان د | ئ۔ | آڅھ سال آڅھ ماه | ر۔ | نوسال ياخچ ماه |
| (xix) | | پید ماں روق مرس کے ہاتھوں قبل ہوا؟ الف۔ | | ٠ ي | رن. خوارج | ئ۔ | معکول معکول | رت رب | ملابقه |
| (xx) | | یہ س بے ہوں ت بر مساب اللہ اللہ اللہ اللہ اللہ اللہ اللہ ال | | · - | J . 7 | • • | • | | - - |
| , , | الف_ | · | ب۔ | علق اینِ عمی | | ئ۔ | نصيرالدين طوي | ر | ا پوالقد ا |

عاصل کرده نمبر:

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گ**ک** نمبر

برائے متحن:



ISLAMIC HISTORY HSSC-II

(OPTION-I) (UMAYYADS AND ABBASSIDS)

Time allowed: 2:35 Hours

Total Marks Sections B and C: 80

NOTE: Answer any ten

Answer any ten parts from Section 'B' and any three questions from Section 'C' on the separately provided answer book. Use supplementary answer sheet i.e. Sheet-B if required. Write your answers neatly and legibly.

SECTION - B (Marks 50)

Q. 2 Attempt any TEN parts. The answer to each part should not exceed 5 to 7 lines.

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$

- (i) Write a short note on the election of Merwan bin Hakam in Jabiyya.
- (ii) Who was Mohammad bin-al-Hanfia?
- (iii) What was the usage of public treasury (Bait-ul-Mal) under Umayyad Cilaphate?
- (iv) What role did Mohammad bin Ali Abbasi play in the Abbasid movement?
- (v) What procedure was adopted to elect the caliph during Umayyad Cilaphate?
- (vi) How did Al-Mahdi persecute the Heretics and Zandiqa in his regime?
- (vii) Write a short note on the Navy under Waleed bin Abdul Malik.
- (viii) Briefly write about the Abbasid's propaganda Movement against Umayyads.
- (ix) Who was Wasil bin Ata?
- (x) Is it true that Abbasid caliphs started vizierate office to reward the Persians? Briefly write.
- (xi) What do you know about the claim as caliph by Mohammad bin Abdullah "NAFS ZAKIYA"?
- (xii) Why did Al-Mutasim Change the capital from Baghdad to SAMARA city?
- (xiii) What role did the Muslims play in the advancement of Mathematics during Abbasid era?

SECTION - C (Marks 30)

Note: Attempt any THREE questions. All questions carry equal marks.

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

- Q. 3 Explain the character of Hazrat Ameer Muawiya (RA) as a statesman of Arabia.
- Q. 4 Critically evaluate the policies of Sulaiman bin Abdul Malik.
- Q. 5 For what qualities is Hazrat Umar bin Abdul Aziz (RA) considered as the fifth pious caliph?
- Q. 6 Who were Bermakies? Describe the causes of their rise and fall.
- Q. 7 The disintegration and downfall of Abbasid government started in the era of Matawakkil Ala'ilah. Analyse.

تاریخ اسلام ایچ ایس ایس سی-۱۱



(OPTION - I)

(UMAYYADS AND ABBASSIDS)

گُل نمبر حقه دوم اور حقه سوم : 80

وتت: 2:35 كَفْيُعُ

تو ف: حقد دوم اور سوم کے سوالات کے جوابات علیحدہ سے مہیا گائی جوابی کا پی ریں۔ حقد دوم میں سے دس (10) اجزاء اور حقد سوم میں سے کوئی سے تنین (3) سوال مل کیجیے۔ ایک شراهید (Sheet-B) طلب کرنے پر مہیا کی جائے گی۔ آپ کے جوابات صاف اور واضح ہونے جائیں۔

حته دوم (مكل نبر 50)

 $(10 \times 5 = 50)$

سوال نمبرا: مندرجد ذیل میں سے دس (10) اجزاء کے یافج سے سات سطروں تک محدود جواہات کھیں:

- (i) جابیہ میں مروان بن حکم کے انتخاب پر مختصر نوٹ کھیے۔
 - (ii) محمد بن حنفيه كون تقع؟
 - (iii) خلافت بنوامية مين بيت المال كاتصر ف كياتها؟
- (iv) تحریک عباس میں محمد بن علی عباس نے کیا کردارادا کیا؟
 - (V) اموى خلافت مين خليفه كيانتخاب كاكياطريقة تها؟
- (٧١) المهدى نے اپنے دور ميں محدين وزنديقيوں کے ليے ايذارسانی کے کون سے طریقے اپنا کے؟
 - (Vii) وليد بن عبد الملك كي عهد مين بحرى فوج بخضرنوث كصير
 - (Viii) امویوں کے خلاف عباس پروپیگنٹر امہم کے بارے میں اختصار ہے کھیے۔
 - (ix) واصل بن عطاء كون تها؟
- (x) کیا پیرچ ہے کہ عمامی خلفاء نے صلے کے طور برابرانیوں کے لیے عہد ہوزارت کا آغاز کیا جمخصر الکھیے۔
 - (xi) محمد بن عبدالتدفش زكيد كودع ك خلافت كے بارے مين آپ كيا جانتے ہيں؟
 - (Xii) کمعتصم باللہ نے بغدادی بجائے سامرہ شرکوکیوں دارالخلافہ بنایا؟
 - (xiii) عباسیوں کے عہد میں مسلمانوں نے علم ریاضی کی تروی کے لیے کیا کرداراداکیا؟

عتەسوم (كىل نبر30)

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

(کوئی سے تین سوال مل عجے۔ تمام سوالوں کے نمبر برابر ہیں۔)

سوال نمبرسا: حضرت امير معاويه" كردار بربطور عرب كي سياستدان روثني والياب

سوال نبرام: سليمان بن عبد الملك كى پاليسيون كانا قد انتجزيه يجيد

موال نمبره: كن خوبول كى وجب حضرت عمر بن عبدالعزير" كاشار بحثيت خليف راشد ينجم كياجا تاب؟

سوال نمبر ۲: خاندان برآ مكركون تقع؟ ان كيرورج اور زوال كي وجو بات بيان يجير

سوال نمبرے: عباسی حکومت کے دورِ تَز ل کا آغاز متوکل علی اللہ کے عہد ہے ہو چکا تھا۔ تجزیہ پیش کیجیے۔

----2HA 1521----